

TDC-I.

Problem from Standard Deviation

F. Ahmed

The Size of fishes, ~~Amia~~ Calarius batracus was recorded as 23, 22, 20, 24, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 21 cm find out the standard deviation (σ) by Indirect & Direct methods.

Ans: INDIRECT METHOD \rightarrow

On the basis of above data mean is calculated

Here $\sum x = 180$ and Number of observation i.e. $N = 9$

$$\text{Mean} = \frac{180}{9} = 20$$

ii) Now four column table is prepared.

Observation	Observation Mean $x - \bar{x}$	Deviation	Deviation
16	$16 - 20$	-4	16
17	$17 - 20$	-3	9
18	$18 - 20$	-2	4
19	$19 - 20$	-1	1
20	$20 - 20$	0	0
21	$21 - 20$	+1	1
22	$22 - 20$	+2	4
23	$23 - 20$	+3	9
24	$24 - 20$	+4	16
			$\sum x^2 = 60$

Now

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2}{N-1}}$$

(2)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sigma &= \sqrt{\frac{60}{9-1}} \\
 &= \sqrt{\frac{60}{8}} \\
 &= \sqrt{7.5} \\
 &= 2.75 \text{ cm Amu}
 \end{aligned}$$

DIRECT METHOD

For direct method use the formula

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2 - \frac{(\sum x)^2}{N}}{N}}$$

Put the data & solve it.

Q2. Solved it:

Haemoglobin percent g/100ml of Rana tigrina was recorded as 14, 13, 12, 10, 11, 8, 7, 15. Calculate the standard deviation by direct method.

Note: Such type of question will ask in both theory & Practical Exam.